M.Sc. Previous (Physics) Degree Examination, July/August 2011 Directorate of Distance Education

Paper – II : QUANTUM AND STATISTICAL MECHANICS

Time : 3 Hours

Note: i) Answer *FIVE* questions from Part *A*, *B* and *C* without omitting any Part. (Common to all)
ii) Part *D* is only for such candidates whose max. mark is 85.

PART – A

- 1. a) What is meant by expectation value of an observable ? Discuss the physical significance of eigenvalues and eigen functions of an observable.
 - b) Define Dirac's delta function and give its important properties. (10+5)
- 2. a) Give the basic postulates of quantum mechanics. Develop time-dependent Schrodinger equation for a free particle.
 - b) Explain Born's probabilistic interpretation of wave functions. (10+5)
- 3. a) Prove that commuting operators have common set of eigen functions.
 - b) State Ehrenfest's theorem and obtain the equivalent of Newton's second law for momentum operator. (6+9)

PART – B

- 4. a) Discuss the reduction of two-body problem into two single body-problems.
 - b) Solve the radial part of Schrodinger equation of an hydrogen atom to obtain energy eigenvalues. (7+8)
- 5. a) What are symmetric and antisymmetric wave functions ? Explain.
 - b) Discuss Stern-Gerlach experiment and give its significance in the development of quantum mechanics.
 - c) Show that $[L^2, L_z] = 0.$ (3+8+4)

P.T.O.

DPA – 520 (Phy)

(10.5)

Max. Marks : 75/85

DPA - 520 (Phy)

- 6. a) Mention various methods of approximation in quantum mechanics. Discuss the theory of time-independent perturbation for non-degenerate systems. Obtain the expressions for first order corrections to energy and eigen function.
 - b) Explain the Fermi Golden rule.

PART – C

- 7. a) Give the postulate of equal a priori probability.
 - b) State and prove Liouville theorem in phase space.
 - c) Explain the criterion for distinguishability and indistinguishability of quantum particles. (2+8+5)
- 8. a) Explain Gibb's paradox. Discuss the necessary theory to obtain the expression for Sackur-Tetrode equation.
 - b) Distinguish between fermion and boson statistics. (10+5)
- 9. a) State and prove the Boltzmann equipartition theorem. Apply this theorem to obtain the specific heat of solids.
 - b) Write a note on the specific heat of Fermionic gas at low temperature and compare that with classical gas specific heat. (9+6)

PART – D

- 10. Answer any TWO of the following :
 - a) Define a self-adjoint operator. Give an example. State its properties.
 - b) What are annihilation and creation operators ? Explain in the context of a one-dimensional simple harmonic oscillator.
 - c) Write a note on Bose-Einstein condensation.

(5×2=10)

(10+5)