

Q.P. Code – 56904

First Year M.Sc. Degree Examination

SEPTEMBER/OCTOBER 2013

(Directorate of Distance Education)

Mathematics

(DPA 540) Paper – DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70/80

Instructions to Candidates :

- 1) Students who have attended **30** marks **I-A** scheme will have to answer for total of **70** marks.
- 2) Students who have attended **20** marks **I-A** scheme will have to answer for total of **80** marks.
- 3) Answer any **FIVE** questions from Section-A. Each question carry **14** marks for both 70-80 marks scheme and Question No. **9** in Section-B is **compulsory** for 80-marks scheme.

SECTION – A

1. (a) Prove that the solutions ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 of $y'' + a_1y' + a_2y = 0$ are linearly independent on an interval I iff $w(\phi_1, \phi_2)(x) \neq 0$ for all x in I .
- (b) Consider two functions $\phi_1 = x^3$ and $\phi_2 = x^2|x|$, show that
 - (i) ϕ_1 and ϕ_2 are linearly independent on I
 - (ii) Find $w(\phi_1, \phi_2)(x)$
 - (iii) Do (i) and (ii) contradicts (a) on I ? If so why? **7 + 7**
2. (a) Describe the method of variation of parameters to find the solution of the equation $y'' + a_1y' + a_2y = b(x)$.
- (b) State and prove Sturm's comparison theorem. **7 + 7**
3. (a) State and prove the orthogonal property for Legendre differential equation.
- (b) Find the solution of Hypergeometric equation
$$x(1-x)y'' + (c - (a+b+1)x)y' - aby = 0$$
 about $x = 0$. **7 + 7**

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4. (a) Obtain the solution of the Bessel's equation $x^2 y'' + x y' + (x^2 - \alpha^2) y = 0$ about $x = 0$.

(b) Prove that

$$(i) \quad J_{-3/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left(\frac{-\cos x}{x} - \sin x \right)$$

$$(ii) \quad J_{3/2}(x) = \sqrt{\frac{2}{\pi x}} \left(\frac{3 \sin x}{x^2} - \frac{3 \cos x}{x} - \sin x \right). \quad \mathbf{8 + 6}$$

5. (a) Find the Inverse Laplace transform of

$$(i) \quad \frac{S}{(S^2 - 1)(S^2 - 4)}$$

$$(ii) \quad \log(S^2 + 1).$$

- (b) Solve the equation $y'' - 7y' + 6y = \sin x$, $y(0) = 0$, $y'(0) = 1$ using Laplace transform method. $\mathbf{6 + 8}$

6. (a) State and prove Picard's existence and uniqueness theorem for an IVP $y' = f(x, y)$, $y(x_0) = y_0$.

- (b) Solve an IVP $y' = y(x-1)$, $y(0) = 0$, using Picards method. $\mathbf{7 + 7}$

7. (a) Find the complete solution of the equation $(y + xz)p + (x + yz)q = z^2 - 1$ which passes through the curve $x = t$, $y = 1$, $z = t^2$.

- (b) Using Charpits method find the solution of the non-linear equation $z^2 = pqxy$. $\mathbf{7 + 7}$

8. (a) Employ modified variable separable method to find the solution of $u_t = \alpha^2 u_{xx} + f(x, t)$, $0 \leq x \leq 1$, $t \geq 0$, when subjected to the boundary conditions $u(0, t) = u(1, t) = 0$ and initial conditions $u(x, 0) = f(x)$.

- (b) Find the solution of Dirichlets problem $u_{rr} + \frac{1}{r} u_r + \frac{1}{r^2} u_{\theta\theta} = 0$ when subjected to the boundary condition $u(R, \theta) = g(\theta)$, $0 \leq \theta \leq 2\pi$, $0 \leq r \leq R$ in the form of Poisson's integral formulae. $\mathbf{7 + 7}$

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SECTION – B

9. (a) Find the eigen values and eigen functions for the equation $x'' + \lambda x = 0$,
 $x'(0) = 0$, $x'(\pi) = 0$.
- (b) Classify and reduce the following equation into its canonical form, given
 $y^2 u_{xx} = x^2 u_{yy}$. **5 + 5**
